

Dog Park Rules:

Remove dogs at the first sign of aggression.

If your dog defecates you must pick up the stool in a waste bag and dispose of in one of the garbage cans provided.

No food (except training treats) is allowed inside the park area.

Dogs must be (6) months of age or older.

Children must be (6) years of age or older and should be under close supervision of an adult at all times.

Watch and supervise your dog at all times. Interrupt play or separate from other dogs, if necessary.

Dogs must be vaccinated against Rabies, Distemper, Parvo, and Kennel Cough with-in the calendar year of registration.

Female dogs in heat are prohibited.

The owner must present proof of current vaccinations at time of yearly registration.

The owner needs to have the dog park registration tag or permit available while at the park for review. Failure to show proof of registration will result in a fine.

Permits/Registration can be obtained at the Knoxville City Hall, where vaccination records will be verified, a waiver of responsibility will be signed, Dog-Park Etiquette information will be reviewed and signed by owner. A fee of _____ will be collected as a yearly fee for unlimited use of the dog park within the calendar year.

The hours of operation will be from dawn to dusk.

People and their dogs enter at their own risk.

The City of Knoxville is not responsible for actions of people or pets.

If there is a problem or conflict at the Dog Park that needs to be addressed, call the following people, starting at the first name listed.

No sledding, skate boarding, rollerblading, bicycling, or snow boarding allowed in the park.

Please leash your dog first before leaving the park.

Misuse or abuse of park rules may result in loss of Park privileges.

Dog Park Committee Board Members:

Dick Reed, Parks Commission (641)891-4407

Frank Mathias, Jr. (515)419-5174

Eileen Mathias (515)344-9815

Duane Weilnau ,Lions Club (641)891-4509

Linda Shinn (641)842-5733 or (641)891-6065

Tim & Betsy Gotta (641)891-3993 or (641)780-4983

Donna Flattery, CVT & CPDT (641)891-5851

Craig A. Burk, DVM, advisory (641)842-3316 Knoxville Veterinary Clinic



What Makes a Good Dog Park

A dog park can be a wonderful place for dogs to socialize. However, **some** dog parks are better than others, and some dogs do better at dog parks than other dogs. To help you assess your local dog park, the Association of Pet Dog Trainers provides this information to help you decide if a particular dog park is the best option for your dog. Below are attributes which can make a dog park a good place to bring your dog or a place that has the potential for problems. Very few dog parks are perfect so consider your dog's temperament along with the features of the dog park and make an informed decision about whether or not your dog will have an enjoyable time at the park! **For more information on dog parks and other dog issues, check out the APDT web site at www.apdt.com.**



ALL DECENT DOG PARKS SHOULD HAVE THESE FEATURES

Materials for cleaning up after dogs (bags and garbage cans) — The ability to clean up after our dogs is essential for basic good health for both dogs and humans. Many canine diseases are spread through feces, and feces attract insects which can spread disease to humans. Cleaning up after your dog — particularly in urban areas — is a demonstration of good citizenship we should all practice.

Drinking Water and shade — Dogs can't cool themselves as efficiently as humans and therefore must have access to drinking water and shade. Dogs play very strenuously in dog parks and water is an absolute necessity — if there is no water available, it is very possible that dogs may suffer from heatstroke, which can be fatal.



Additionally, there should be shady areas where dogs can lay down, cool themselves, and rest before continuing their strenuous play.



Enough space to avoid crowding — If dogs become too crowded, it is much easier for a "bully" or a pack of dogs to corner and harass another dog. Fights tend to break out more often under crowded conditions.

A GOOD PARK WILL HAVE ALL THE ABOVE ITEMS AS WELL AS SOME OR ALL OF THESE ITEMS

Separate entrance and exit gates if fenced — Separate entrance and exit gates allow dogs to come and go without meeting each other in a cramped area. Dog fights often break out when one or more dogs feel threatened yet have no way to remove themselves from the threat. Additionally, when two people attempt to get their dogs in and out of the gate, they are not focused on the dogs running loose in the dog park, and there is the potential for a dog to escape.

Entrances and exits with a two-gate system so dogs can't escape from the park accidentally — Parks with a two-gate system avoid the possibility of dogs escaping from the park, increasing the safety of all the dogs.



Natural visual barriers within the park (hills, trees, etc.) — Not only do natural visual barriers create a more enjoyable environment for both dogs and humans, but they also offer dogs a way to avoid problems. If a dog feels he is being targeted by a bully or pack, he can remove himself to a location where the bullying dog(s) cannot see him and they will quickly forget about him and move on to other activities.



**THESE ITEMS ARE BELOW STANDARD
ACCEPTANCE LEVELS**

Dog(s) bullying another dog — Although this will happen occasionally, if it happens often in a particular park, it is an indication that aggressive and/or fearful behaviors are more likely to develop in some dogs because of exposure to the dog park. Dogs will gang up and bully another dog; or, individual dogs will bully a dog that they perceive to be weaker or more submissive. In a good dog park, the owners are on the lookout for this type of behavior and will not allow it to continue. By stopping the behavior, they are teaching the bullies how to behave appropriately in a social situation.



Dogs forming loose packs

If dogs begin forming loose packs and no one breaks them up, there is potential for serious behavior problems. These dogs will gang up on weaker dogs and may even physically attack them. If, on a regular basis, the dogs (particularly if they are always the same dogs) continue to pack together, this is a park to be avoided unless the problem can be effectively addressed.



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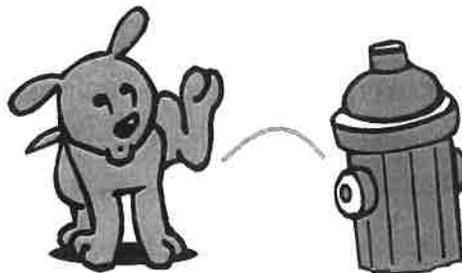
**REALLY EXCEPTIONAL PARKS HAVE ALL
OF THE "DECENT," MOST OF THE "GOOD,"
AND SOME OF THE EXCEPTIONAL ITEMS.**

No 90° angles in the fence — Fences which have 90° angles allow dogs to corner other dogs and bully or attack them. Fencing without a 90° angle makes it easier for a dog to escape.

Several entrance and exit gates if park is fenced — If there is only one entrance and exit gate, or one entrance and one exit gate, the dogs in the park quickly learn where newcomers will enter. They then congregate at the entrance which can result in fights or dogs escaping from the park. If there are several ways for dogs to come in and out, they will not target a particular gate.

Special enclosed areas for smaller dogs; e.g., under 20 lbs. — It can be very dangerous to take a small dog to a park frequented by

large dogs. The large dogs may not mean to hurt the smaller dogs, but they can play too rough, or they may see the small dog as a prey animal and pick it up and shake it, which can be fatal. Exceptional dog parks have an enclosed area specifically for small dogs. This keeps them safe, yet still allows them to socialize which is especially important for smaller dogs.



Fun stuff (agility equipment, etc.) — A park that provides equipment for dogs to practice their natural skills is an exceptional park. Having some basic agility equipment – although the park should not have equipment that might pose a safety problem if the owner and dog have not been trained – is a fun way for dogs and owners to interact together. It also shows that the park is aware of what dogs and owners enjoy and seeks to enhance their experience.

